

## MYC. E-RI-KA-WE-E

In a forthcoming article<sup>1</sup> I discuss Mycenaean personal names derived from the stem \**kalw-* (καλός): *ka-wa-do-ro* (*Kalwandros*, cf. καλλι-άνειρα), *ka-wa-ti-ro* (perhaps *Kalw-anthilos?*), *me-ta-ka-wa*, dat. (*Metakalwāi*), ]*ka-wi-ja* (perhaps *Kalwias*, cf. Καλλίας, a hypocoristic of a compound name, such as Καλλι-μήδης, vel sim., with -λλ-, probably of expressive character).<sup>2</sup>

To this list of personal names the name *e-ri-ka-we-e* can be also added. It appears on PY Un 1319, 3, discovered in 1957. Bearing in mind the fact that the divine names and some titles of this series are recipients in the dative, e.g. *a-ti-mi-te* (*Artemitei*), *po-se-da-o-ne/ni* (*Poseidaonei*), *wa]na-ka-te* (*wanaktei*), *ka-ru-ke* (*kārukei*), etc., there is no doubt that *e-ri-ka-we-e* is also in the dative.

From the context of Un 1319 one cannot be sure whether *e-ri-ka-we-e* is a personal or place-name, as John Chadwick has already noticed<sup>3</sup>. But from the contents of the whole Un series and the linguistic analysis we can admit that this word is also a divine name or human title. It is compound of the augmentative particle ἐρι- and the adjective καλός, -καλλής, i.e. *Eri-kallēs*, in the dative *Eri-kallei*. The name is a compound of the same type as *me-ta-ka-wa* in Mycenaean and the adjective περι-καλλής in Homer and Classical Greek. Its meaning is equivalent to περι-καλλής, περισσο-καλλής, πάγ-καλος, τρι-καλος, etc. It is well known that the intensive particle ἐρι- alternates with other prefixes (e.g. εὖ-, τρι-, and especially περι-) which are used with the same function<sup>4</sup>.

Among the other divine names and titles of the PY Un series *Erikallēs* is very likely an epithet of some deity, such as Καλλίστη, which in classical Greek denotes Artemis. The epithets of some deities are obviously survivals of the old totemic naming, and *Erikalles*, just like Καλλίστη, might be one of them.

Skopje.

P. Hr. Ilievski.

<sup>1</sup> *Vocabulary Words from the Mycenaean Personal Names*, Proceedings of the „Chaumont“ Myc. Colloquium, p. 83s.

<sup>2</sup> For -λλ- in καλλι- and κάλλος, as an expressive gemination, cf. M. Lejeune, *Phonétique historique du mycénien et du grec ancien*, Paris 1972, p. 144.

<sup>3</sup> *Docs*<sup>2</sup> p. 535.

<sup>4</sup> For the alternation of the intensifying particles ἐρι-, ἀρι- cf. P. Hr. Ilievski, *Intensive prefixes eri-, ari- in Mycenaean*, in the press.