

MYC. A-DA-RA-KO

The noun ἀνήρ appears in the compound Greek personal names more often as a second element -ήνωρ, -ανδρος, than as a first one 'Ανδρα-ος, 'Ανερο- (cf. F. Bechtel, *HPN* 47—54). Compound personal names with ἀνήρ as a second element (type τερψίμβροτος) do occur in Mycenaean too (cf. A. Heubeck, *BzNF* VIII, 28 f.; O. Landau, *MGPN* 165 f.). It is noticeable that those in -anōr are especially frequent, e. g. *a-ka-sa-no Alxanōr*, *a-ta no Antanōr*, etc., and there are also in -andra/os, *a-re-ka-sa-da-ra Alexandra*, *ke-sa-do-ro Kessandros*¹ (cf. J. Chadwick — L. Baumbach, *Myc. Gr. Voc.* s. v.), but the personal names with this word as a first element, according to Landau, do not appear at all. The word ἀνήρ is admitted in the simple name *a-di-ri-jo* KN X 7613 *Andrios/-ōn* (cf. Παν-άνδριος), a derivative of a place-name (*Docs* 414), a hypocoristic, or patronymic (C. J. Ruijgh, *Études* 139). The form ἀνδρο-, with inserted *d* between *an* and *r* is not unknown in Myc., cf. *a-di-ri-ja-te/-pi*. In the compounds the word 'Ανδρο- as a first element is identified till now only in *a-da-ra-ko[]* 'Ανδρα-γόρας by V. Georgiev (*Lex.* s. v.).

A-da-ra-ko[] occurs on the fragment KN X 793: *pa-ro a.* Judging by the preceding preposition *pa-ro*, the word *a.* is obviously a personal name. In fact the tablet is broken after the sign *-ko*, but it appears that the name is complete. The word ἀνήρ is very likely comprised in the first element of this compound, as V. G. suggested. If the name is complete, then the second element contains the word -αρχος. 'Αρχ-ανδρος is documented in the inscriptions (IG VII, 12 from 3rd cent. B. C.). Since the component αρχος appears quite often both as second and first element (cf. Δήμ-αρχος along with 'Αρχό-δαμος, 'Αρχέ/ι-δημος, 'Ιππ-αρχος: 'Αρχ-ιππος; Λάρ-αρχος: 'Αρχέ-λας, 'Αρχί-λαος; Στράτ-αρχος: 'Αρχέ-στρατος, etc.), on the basis of 'Αρχ-ανδρος *a-da-ra-ko* can be identified with *Andrarchos*, a formation of the type Skt. *mr jit* 'männer besiegent'.

It seems that the word 'Ανδρο- is also concealed in the personal name *a-da-ra-ro* KN Da5223+ (cf. J. T. K. — J.-P. O., *Proceed. Cambr. Colloqu.* 78). But the identification of the second element of this name is doubtful. It might be either the suffix -αλος, or -αρος, with which not only nouns and adjectives, but also personal names are formed (cf. 'Ιππ-αλος, Κύδ-αρος, etc.). Thus, *a-da-ra-ro* might be *Andralos*(?) or *Andrарos*(?), but the possibility of its being a pre-Greek name is not excluded.

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¹ In the ending -a-do-ro the component -δωρος is usually supposed, but -ανδρος is not impossible, cf. A. H., *BzNF* VIII, 32: *ka-wa-do-ro* *Κάλλανδρος, cf. Καλλιάνειρα, *we-wa-do-ro* *Φέρφανδρος, cf. Ερύ-λα(Φ)ος.